Appendix D: Reimbursement for SBIRT

The American Medical Association (AMA) has approved several billing codes that will allow you to be reimbursed for providing screening and brief intervention services. Medical procedures are coded using Common Procedure and Terminology (CPT) and Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes. Screening and brief intervention may be provided in an office, emergency department or inpatient visit for both new and established patients. Virtually all payers use AMA's Evaluation and Management (E & M) CPT codes to pay physicians' services. Many payers reimburse for independent licensed health practitioners such as advance practice nurses, psychologists, and masters-level social workers. A few will pay for service provided by health professionals under the supervision of a physician.

Several CPT codes can be used. The chart below shows the most commonly used codes.

| Payer | Code | Description | Fee Schedule |
|--------------------------------------|-------|---|-----------------|
| Commercial Insurance, Medicaid | 99408 | Alcohol and/or substance abuse structured screening and brief intervention services; 15 to 30min | \$33.41 |
| Commercial Insurance, Medicaid | 99409 | Alcohol and/or substance abuse structured screening and brief intervention services; greater than 30min | \$65.51 |
| Medicare | G0396 | Alcohol and/or substance abuse structured screening and brief intervention services; 15 to 30min | \$29.42 |
| Medicare | G0397 | Alcohol and/or substance abuse structured screening and brief intervention services; greater than 30min | \$57.69 |
| Medicare | G0442 | Prevention: Screening for alcohol misuse in adults including pregnant women once per year. No coinsurance; no deductible for patient www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/details/nca-decision-memo.aspx | \$17.33 |
| Medicare | G0443 | Prevention: Up to four, 15 minute, brief face-to-face behavioral counseling interventions per year for individuals, including pregnant women, who screen positive for alcohol misuse; No coinsurance; no deductible for patient http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicare-coverage-database/details/nca-decision-memo.aspx?NCAId=249 | \$25.14 |
| Medicaid | H0049 | Alcohol and/or drug screening (code not widely used) | \$24.00 |
| Medicaid | H0050 | Alcohol and/or drug service, brief intervention, per 15 min (code not widely used) | \$48.00 |

Several primary care and hospital practices have successfully used the CPT code 99420: Other Preventive Medicine Services – Administration and interpretation of health risk assessment instruments, to bill for administration of the full AUDIT, DAST or other substance use assessment questionnaires where the results indicate low or moderate risk. Reimbursement ranges between \$7.14 and \$18.00.

Health Behavior Assessment and Intervention (HBAI) codes (96150-96155) can be used to bill for screening and brief intervention. These codes are used for services that identify the psychological, behavioral and social factors important to the prevention, treatment or management of physical health problems. The focus is not on mental health or substance use, but on the bio-psycho-social factors important to physical health problems. Documentation required of the rationale, assessment outcome, goals and duration, length. The HBAI codes are billed at 15 minute units with a limit to 4 units in hour.

The SBI CPT codes (99408, 99409) can be added to other Evaluation and Management (E & M) codes for office or other outpatient services (99210-99215), for physician or other health care provider services in the emergency department (99281-99285), or physician or other health care provider inpatient consultations (99251-99255) through the use of the modifier .25 affixed to the SBI codes (99408, 99409). SBI adds to the Relative Value Units (RVU) for E&M services. For example, in outpatient settings, provision of a brief SBI service (15 minutes) in addition to a 30 minute outpatient office visit for a new patient (99203) adds .65 RVUs for the SBI service to the .97 RVUs for the E & M outpatient visit. Correct use of codes 99408 and 99409 requires that the screening and interventional components of this service be documented in the clinical record.

According to the American Medical Association's CPT guidelines, when counseling and/or coordination of care dominates an encounter (more than 50% of the office visit) then time may be considered the controlling factor to qualify for a particular level of E & M services. Physicians and health care professionals who devote more than half of a visit counseling a patient about their alcohol or drug use may use the E & M codes for office and other outpatient services (99210-99215), with appropriate documentation of services provided in the clinical record.

For all of these procedures, a physician or other qualified health care professional should use a validated screening instrument (such as the alcohol use disorder identification tests [AUDIT] or the drug abuse screening test [DAST]). A validated screening instrument is an instrument that has been psychometrically tested for reliability (the ability of the instrument to produce consistent results), validity (the ability of the instrument to produce true results), sensitivity (the probability of correctly identifying a patient with the condition), and specificity (the probability of correctly identifying a patient who does not have the condition). Using an instrument that has not been validated may increase the chances of misidentification. An intervention is performed when indicated by the score on the screening instrument. The instrument used and the nature of the intervention are recorded in the clinical documentation for the encounter.

If an intervention is not required on the basis of the result of the screening, the work effort of performing the survey is included in the selection of the appropriate E/M service or preventive medicine service (99420 or the new Medicare alcohol screening code G0442). If an intervention is required on the basis of the screening result, a brief intervention is conducted. Code 99408 is the most likely service level for the majority of patients.

To guide appropriate coding and billing, the Five A's model may be useful: Screening (Ask, Assess – code 99420, G0442) and Brief Intervention (Advise, Assist, Arrange – code 99408, 99409, G0443)

| Code | 5 A's | 0 | |
|--------|---------|---|---|
| | Ask | 0 | Ask permission to talk about patient's alcohol use. |
| | | | "Would you mind if we talked more about your alcohol use?" |
| | | 0 | Ask about patient's alcohol pattern use. |
| | | | "I'd like to talk more about the type of alcoholic beverages you are |
| 99420 | | | consuming and the frequency of your consumption? |
| 00440 | | | "You indicated you are consuming more than the recommended "The state of the second of the sec |
| G0442 | | | limits, please tell me again how many times in the past 30 days you |
| | | | have had more than 4 drinks (for women) or 5 drinks (for men) in a day? |
| | | | Avoid arguing or confrontation. |
| | Assess* | 0 | Assess for alcohol use disorders. |
| | ASSESS | 0 | "Based on your responses, I am concerned about how much you're |
| | | | drinking and how it can affect your health" |
| | | | "You are drinking alcohol at a level that puts you at increased risk for |
| | | | alcohol-related illnesses." |
| | | 0 | Determine whether patient's alcohol use has caused clinically significant |
| | | | impairment or distress; |
| | | | "In the past 12 months, has your drinking caused or contributed to the |
| | | | following: risk of bodily harm, relationship problems, role failure, and/or |
| | | | run ins with the law?" |
| | | | o In the past 12 months, have you not been able to cut down or stop |
| | | | drinking, not been able to stick to drinking limits, shown tolerance, shown signs of withdrawal, kept drinking despite problems, spent a |
| | | | lot of time drinking, and/or spent less time on other matters? |
| | | 0 | Determine if patient has risky or harmful drinking behavior (alcohol misuse |
| | | | but no abuse or dependence). If alcohol dependence suspected, |
| | | | consider further evaluation or referral to behavioral health specialist. |
| | Advise | 0 | Advise patient of your assessment and recommendations related to the |
| 99408 | | | findings. |
| | | | "You are drinking more than is medically safe." Relate to the patient's |
| 99409 | | | concerns and medical findings if present. |
| | | | I recommend that you cut down (or quit). |
| G0445 | Assist | 0 | Determine if patient is ready to change their behavior. If so, |
| | | 0 | Assist with setting goals |
| G0396 | | | Recommend cutting down to maximum drinking limits or abstaining. |
| 00007 | | 0 | Agree on a plan, to include specific steps the patient should take, how |
| G0397 | | | drinking will be tracked, how the patient will manage high-risk situations, and |
| H0049 | | | who might be willing to help, such as a spouse or non-drinking friends. Provide educational materials. |
| 110049 | | 0 | "Are you ready to commit to changing your drinking behavior?" |
| H0050 | | | |
| 110000 | | | |
| | | 0 | |
| | Arrange | 0 | Reinforce adherence, renegotiate drinking goals, encourage return visits for |
| | | | |
| H0050 | Arrange | 0 | "I think it would be good if we talked about establishing goals around drinking alcoholic beverages" Restate your concern and reaffirm your willingness to help Reinforce adherence, renegotiate drinking goals, encourage return visits for continued support, and rescreen, at least annually. |